

# Tanzania Compliance in 2012

Tanzania declared 'EITI Compliant'

The EITI Board today (12 December) declared Tanzania 'Compliant' with the EITI Standard. There are now 18 countries that are 'EITI Compliant'. EITI compliance means that the country has an effective process for annual disclosure and reconciliation of all revenues from its extractive sector. This allows citizens to see how much their country receives from oil, gas and mining companies.

Gold accounts for 90% of the value of Tanzania's mineral exports. In the past few years, there has been a big increase in exploration for gas and petroleum along the coast with estimates suggesting that the gas sector could soon transform the economy.

Clare Short said "This is an ideal time for Tanzania to achieve EITI compliance. It means that Tanzanians have committed to be transparent and have an open dialogue about how the country manages its potentially significant new resources. I congratulate Tanzania on this excellent achievement." The decision of the Board on the EITI status of Tanzania is given below in full.

Text of Board decision: Tanzania

The EITI Board designates Tanzania as EITI Compliant as of 12 December 2012. In accordance with the EITI Rules:

- Tanzania must be revalidated within 5 years (i.e., by 12 December 2017). The MSG is advised that the Board is currently reviewing the validation procedures, including proposals relating to timing for revalidation of compliant countries. Accordingly this deadline may be modified;
- Stakeholders in the process may call for a new validation at any time within that period if they think the process needs reviewing;
- Where valid concerns exist that a country has become EITI Compliant, but its implementation of the EITI has subsequently fallen below the standard required for Compliance, then the Board reserves the right to require the country to undergo a new validation or face delisting from the EITI;
- In accordance with the 2011 edition of the EITI Rules, Tanzania is required to produce EITI reports annually. EITI Reports should cover data no older than the second to last complete accounting period (e.g. an EITI Report published in calendar/financial year 2013 should be based on data no later than calendar/financial year 2011); and
- In accordance with requirement 21(c), Tanzania is required to publish a public report annually on the previous year's activities, detailing progress in implementing the EITI and any recommendations from the validator.

The Board congratulates the government of Tanzania for its sustained commitment and leadership of the EITI process. The Board also congratulates the Tanzania MSG for its efforts and effective leadership in EITI implementation. The Board calls on the government and multi-stakeholder working group to ensure that the Board's recommendations are implemented in full, and tasks the EITI International Secretariat with providing regular progress reports to the EITI Board.

For further information about EITI in Tanzania, please see the country pages on the EITI website or contact EITI Deputy Head Eddie Rich.

